

Key Performance Indicators:

Adapting an accountability tool for digital libraries

Leslie Wolf & Lena Zentall, California Digital Library DLF Conference, November 3, 2010

Agenda



- Why KPI's Matter
- Part 1: Brief Theory
- Part 2: Practical Application (+ Individual Exercise)
- Part 3: Your KPI Action Plan (Individual Exercise)
- Part 4: Looking Forward/Community Engagement (Discussion)



What's The Benefit Of Learning About KPI's?

- You: Leader & Innovator
- Your Organization: Track & Act



Why KPI's Are Valuable



- "What gets measured gets done"
- Anything you produce of value can be measured
- Create dialog and shared understanding

Why Did Our Team Decide To Use KPI's?



- Decision-making tool
- Tells our story



By The End of This Workshop

- You'll be able to explain KPI's and develop them for your own institutions
- You'll start an action plan
- You'll have some handouts for reference
- You'll understand how other participants are using KPI's
- You'll have an opportunity to get involved in a larger community of practice



Part 1: Brief Theory



- What is the difference between statistics, metrics, and KPI's?
- What are the components of a KPI?
- What does a KPI look like?
- Who uses them? Where do they find them?



Body Temperature as a Key Performance Indicator



- Widely recognized and understood
- Measured the same way by everyone
- Easy to collect and record
- Critical indicator of health
- Helps with diagnosis:
 - If fever, investigate why
 - If no fever, investigate different symptoms



More Definitions of KPI's

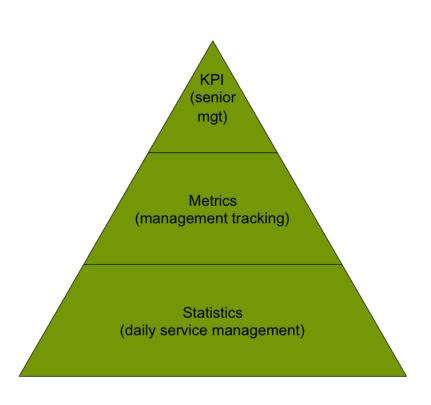
- Easily collected from a reliable source
- Quantifiable (can be calculated)
- Reflects critical success measures
- Measures progress toward goals
- One of many tools in the management tool kit
- A snapshot over time



Statistics? Metrics? KPI's?



- Statistics for daily tracking. Some statistics may become...
- Metrics to manage your service. A very few metrics may become...
- KPI's for strategic planning.



Possible Components for a KPI



- Volume
 - transactions
 - page views
 - searches
- Cost
- Timeliness
- Quality
- Customer satisfaction

How to Express a KPI



Sample Equation

Total Costs ÷ Number of Searches = Cost Per Search

Two Ways to Express a KPI

- 1. "Number of searches" is a weak indicator
 - Is that a lot? Too little? What's the context?
- 2. "Cost per search" is a better indicator
 - Ratio of 2 elements that are strongly related
 - Provides more context
 - Better diagnostic tool more information to work with

KPI Example: Cost per Search



Quarter	KPI
January – February – March	\$0.06 per search
April – May – June	\$0.09 per search
July – August – September	\$0.11 per search

Diagnosing Cost per Search



Quarter	KPI	Diagnostic
January – February – March	\$0.06 per search	\$15,000 cost/250,000 searches
April – May – June	\$0.09 per search	\$15,000/175,000 Cost is stable but searches are down
July – August – September	\$0.11 per search	\$20,000/175,000 Cost is up and searches are the same level as April

Digging Down on Cost Per Search



- Users don't like the service... or
- The recent upgrade made searches more efficient
- Why are costs up?
 - Did a big upgrade and used more developers
 - Can we release the developers and reduce cost?
 - Can we renegotiate the license fee?
- What else can we do to change the equation?



Who is the Audience for KPI's

- Traditionally for senior management
- Typically reported via a dashboard
- Goal is that in a few minutes a senior manager can get a quick update on important services
- A senior manager can self-serve: no last minute request for data



Simple Dashboard (Spreadsheet)



C-eLinks		2009/2010 FISCAL YEAR			
	July 1 - Sept	Oct 1 - Dec 31	Jan 1 - Mar 31	Apr 1 - June	
	30 2009	2009	2010	30 2010	
Efficiency					
1 Total Cost of Service	********	*******	******	*******	
2 Total Transactions	*******	*******	******	********	
3 Cost Per Transaction	\$0.04	\$0.04	\$0.02	\$0.03	
Quality		•			
Quality of Systems: Quality of Systems					
(RAMP)	90%	90%	90%	91%	
4 (see tabs below for details)					
Scope					
5 Successful transaction (clickthroughs)	********	*********	########	********	
Total transactions (OpenURL processed -UC		***************************************	*********	*********	
6 eLinks window)	***************************************				
7 % of successful transactions	72.71%	72.60%	71.87%	69.19%	
Service Specific Indicators					
User Flow (UC-eLinks)					
8 See tab "eLinks userflow"					

Cool Dashboard: Indianapolis Museum of Art









Total Size of the IMA's Endowment

The year to date (Sept 30, 2010) gross value of the IMA's endowment.

OCT 15, 2010

MORE

6,646
memberships

IMA Membership

The total number of active IMA member households.

OCT 7, 2010

MORE

48

works of art

New Works on View

The number of new works on view in the IMA's galleries for the month of September 2010.

OCT 1, 2010

MORE



256 works of art

Number of Artworks On Loan

Works of art on loan to other institutions.

SEP 21, 2010

MORE

MORE



21,536

visitors

The Toby Attendance

The total attendance number for Tobias Theater.

AUG 12, 2010

MORE



49,389 KWH per day

Energy Consumption

The IMA's average daily energy consumption for October 2009.

JAN 14, 2010

MORE



Museum Admissions

An interactive map of admissions by zip code

8

28,299 students

Total Educational Tour Participation

Students who have participated in educational tours at the IMA in 2008.

JAN 30, 2009

MORE

370,048

Attendance YTD

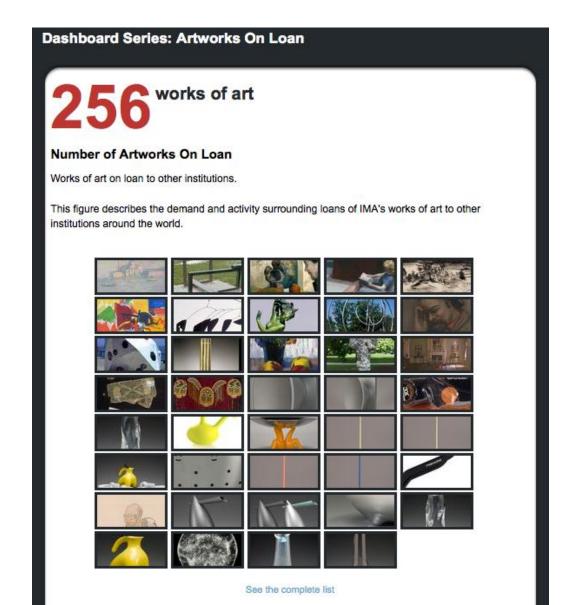
Visitors to the IMA this year.

MORE

WORL

Cool Dashboard: Indianapolis Museum of Art



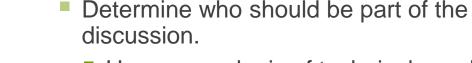


Part 2: Let's Get Practical

- We'll show you how we created KPI's for UC-eLinks, which is our name for SFX (Ex Libris's link resolver software)
- In this part, we'll let you brainstorm a few possible KPI's for your own service.



Step 1. Prepare



- Have a good mix of technical, product management, and customer service.
- Invite senior managers to join in you'll get quicker buy-in and approval that way.
- Send some background information about KPI's in advance (since it's new to most people).
- Determine what a successful meeting will accomplish: what is the desired outcome?



Step 2. Brainstorm All Possible Things to Track



- In an ideal world, what would we want to track?
- What will senior management be interested in?
- What do we care about most?
- What KPI's will tell our story best?



Step 3. Make Sure You Can Capture the Data

- After brainstorming, start to narrow down the list to what's realistic.
- If the data is too difficult to extract, your effort will just fall apart.
- Make sure your data source is valid and you understand the definitions of the fields being captured.



Step 4. Narrow it Down to a Few KPI's



- What we chose for UC-eLinks:
 - Cost per Transaction (when a UC-eLinks window appears)
 - % of Successful Transactions (click-thru's)
 - User Flow
 - Track where users are going using UC-eLinks (targets)
 - Track where users are coming from using UCeLinks (sources)
 - Quality of Systems

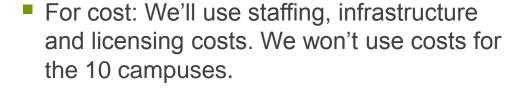
Step 5. Define the Data Elements



- The term means something different in each discipline.
- Define what costs you are going to track.
 - What can you track without too much burden?
- Define what you mean by quality of systems.
 - It can be a mind-twister; don't make it too complicated.
- Figure out ways to track user satisfaction.
 - Are there existing surveys or trouble ticketing systems?



Step 6. Put It In Writing



- For quality of systems: We'll use a weighted average that our developers created. We'll track Reliability, Availability, Maintainability, and Performance ("RAMP").
- For user satisfaction: We'll use only reported complaints since we have no survey data.



Now It's Your Turn (Exercise)

Interactive Discussion:

- In your services, what do you think is important to track? For example:
 - Cost of service
 - User satisfaction
 - Quality
 - Volume
 - User satisfaction
- Would it be difficult or easy to track?
- What could stop you? What are the challenges?



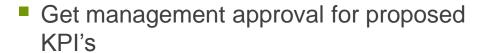
Recap



- We understand the difference between statistics, metrics and KPI's
- We know the components of a KPI and what a KPI equation looks like
- We've seen a reporting dashboard
- We know how senior management uses KPI's



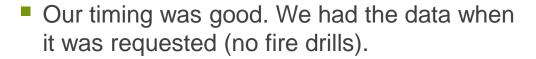
How Do You Get Started?



- Set up a place to track the data (e.g. Excel worksheet)
- Get agreement on how often to track (we decided quarterly)
- Set up a test period (hands-off!)
- Start tracking and reporting
- At the end of the test period, assess and modify as needed



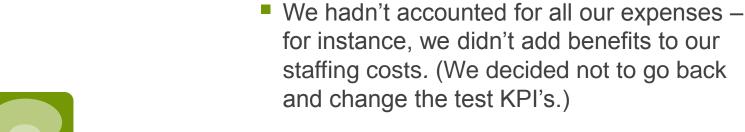
What We Learned



- When everyone is focused on the KPI's the team is more results-oriented: "What gets measured gets done."
- We started real dialog and sometimes lively discussions – about how well we're doing (especially on quality of systems, which is somewhat subjective).
- KPI's are now integral to our service roadmap and strategic planning.



More Lessons



- Biggest problem: No benchmarks/baseline. We didn't know what was a good "cost per transaction."
 - What's the cost of improvement?
 - What's the sweet spot to balance cost and quality?
 - When is it "good enough" (what's the opportunity cost)?



Words of Wisdom for You

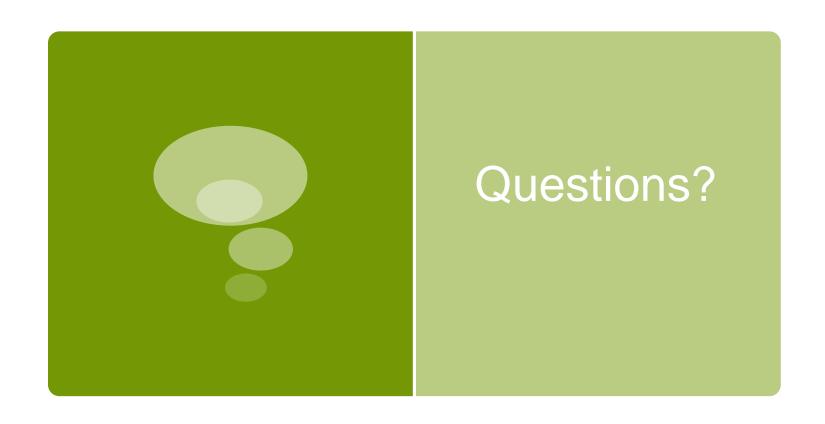
- "Everything that can be counted does not necessarily count; everything that counts cannot necessarily be counted."
 - Albert Einstein



More Words of Wisdom

- You can't do this from the bottom up you need senior management support.
- Numbers tell a story understand that story before you share it, not after you are asked to explain the results.
- You can't control what senior management does with the numbers when you leave the room!
- KPI's will reveal hidden truths.
 - We worried: "What if the service is more expensive and less effective than we thought?"

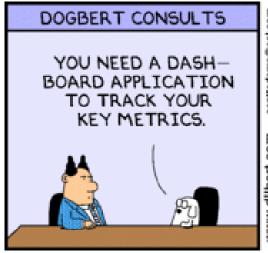




Part 3: Your KPI Action Plan (Exercise)



Take a few minutes to fill out your action plan (see the Handout)







Action Plan Questions

- What's the first thing you'll do when you get back to your office?
- What was the most valuable thing you learned today?
- Key Points/Things you want to explore further?
- What barriers, if any, do you foresee?

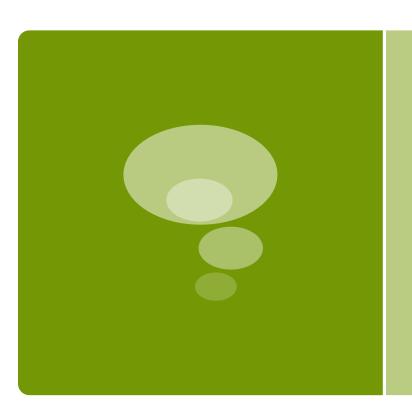


Part 4: Looking Forward

Interactive Discussion:

- Where do we go from here?
- Is there value in having a community of practice to share KPI's with peer institutions? If so,
 - What's the value to you?
 - How do we make it happen?





Thank You!

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